

Long distance transport trial

The impact on live animal, carcass, metabolic and eating quality traits

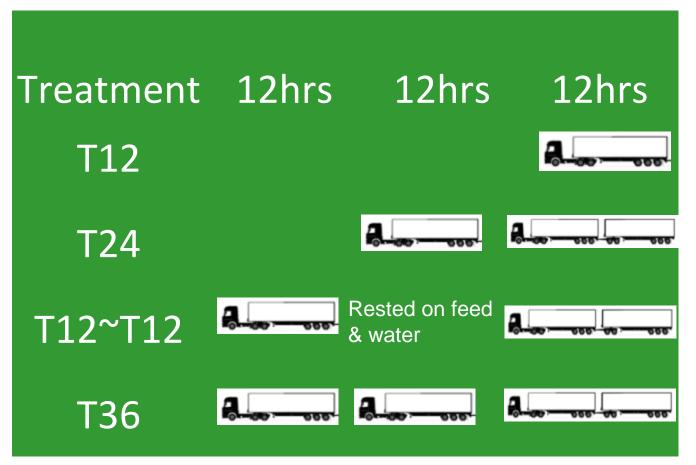




Rod Polkinghorne, Judy Philpott, John Thompson



Experimental design



12 hrs Lairage

4 replicates with minimum 20 head per treatment

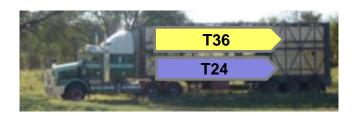


Trucking management

Day 2 – 6am

Day 2 - 6pm







T12 ~ T12 Rested 12 hrs

Day 3 – 6am

Evening arrival at Dinmore





Commercial constraints

- Suitable and willing collaborators
- End of season
 - Late cattle drafts
 - Numbers available
 - Declining feed
- Available yards and holding paddocks
- Proximity of cattle to yards

























Cattle (n=343)

Trait	Mean	STD	Min	Max
EstBI	21	22	0	100
Live wt	603	50	489	790
Dressing%	51.5	2.2	46.5	59.5
HSCWT	311	25	243	391
Ribfat	6.6	2.8	1	19
EMA	77.6	7.7	58	100
Meat Colour	3.2	0.9	1.7	6
pHu	5.55	0.12	5.32	6.30
Т@рН6	24.5	5.1	13.1	35.3





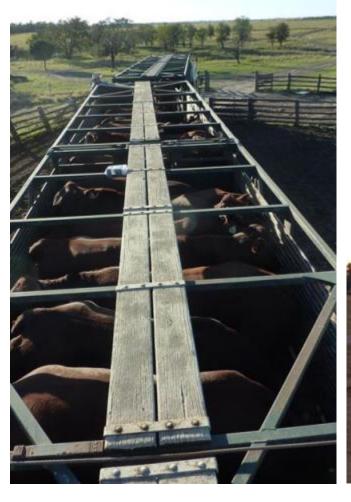
Sequential trucking - cycles 1 and 2







Sequential trucking – cycle 3











Trucking times and distance

Trucking treatments

	T12		T24		T12~T12		T36	
Rep	h	km	h	km	h	km	h	km
Rep 1	13.4	794	25.2	1065	24.4	1387	36.5	1659
Rep 2	12.9	843	26.3	1438	23.0	1491	36.9	2086
Rep 3	12.7	750	23.6	1386	22.7	1312	34.1	1948
Rep 4	17.4	1123	30.0	1597	27.5	1681	40.9	2156

T12 - travelled 12h from property to abattoir

T24 - travelled 24h from property to abattoir

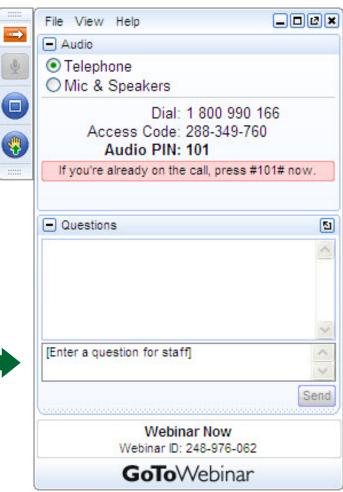
T12~T12 - travelled 12 h, 12 h on feed and water, travelled 12h

T35 - travelled 36h from property to abattoir



Questions?

Type your questions here anytime











Slaughter, grading & collection of primals





Live & carcass effects

	_	Trucking treatments					
	T12	T24	T12 T12	T36	Sign		
Est Bl	23.8	21.7	18.8	23.3	NS		
Live wt	599	607	603	606	NS		
Dress%	51.7	51.7	51.3	51.3	NS		
Carc wt	309	314	309	310	NS		
Ribfat	6.6	6.7	6.9	6.1	NS		
EMA	77.8	78.5	76.2	77.9	NS		
Oss	169	167	171	171	NS		
Mb	287	300	287	290	NS		
Meat col	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	NS		
pHu	5.56	5.56	5.57	5.55	NS		
t@pH6	23.2	24.6	25.2	24.9	NS		



% Exclusions: Ribfat < 3 mm

	Trucking treatments					
	T12	T24	T12	T36	Sign	
			T12			
Replicate 1	23	9	10	23		
Replicate 2	9	9	23	23		
Replicate 3	5	0	0	10		
Replicate 4	5	9	5	0		
Average	10	7	9	14	NS	



% Exclusions: pHu > 5.7

	Truc				
	T12	T24	T12	T36	Sign
			T12		
Replicate 1	18	14	10	18	
Replicate 2	0	5	5	0	
Replicate 3	30	5	25	0	
Replicate 4	0	5	9	5	
Average	12	7	12	6	NS



% Exclusions: Meat colour >3

	Tru	Trucking treatments					
	T12	T24	T12	T36	Sign		
			T12				
Replicate 1	27	27	5	27			
Replicate 2	5	14	5	0			
Replicate 3	90	70	80	75			
Replicate 4	23	14	27	24			
Average	36	31	29	32	NS		



Dark cutting meat





% Exclusions: Ribfat, pHu, MC

	Tru	Trucking treatments			
	T12	T24	T12	T36	Sign
			T12		
Replicate 1	40	36	24	36	
Replicate 2	14	23	27	23	
Replicate 3	90	70	80	75	
Replicate 4	23	23	32	24	
Average	42	38	41	40	NS



Blood parameters (n=343)

Trait	Mean	STD	Min	Max
BHB (mM/L)	0.19	0.07	0.05	0.44
NEFA (mM/L)	0.430	0.194	0.086	1.208
Glucose (mM/L)	6.85	1.10	4.71	11.61
L Lactate (mM/L)	9.44	3.24	3.93	23.22
Urine SG	1.01	0.01	1.00	1.04



Treatment effects: Blood parameters

	Tru	3			
	T12	T24	T12 T12	T36	Sign
ВНВ	0.17	0.18	0.21	0.21	NS
NEFA	0.37	0.43	0.43	0.49	NS
Glucose	6.9	7.2	6.7	6.6	*
L lactate	9.3	9.8	9.9	8.7	NS
Urine SG	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	NS





Prep consumer samples - UNE



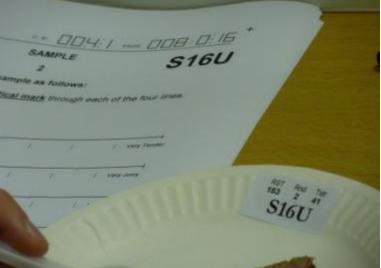




Consumer testing









Meat quality (n=343)

Meat quality traits	Mean	STD	Min	Max
Tenderness	51.9	14.4	16	84
Juiciness	56.2	12.3	22	85
Like flavour	54.4	11.3	21	84
Overall liking	54.1	12.6	18	87
MQ4	53.4	12.0	21	83
Shear force	5.1	1.4	2.2	9.6
Cook loss %	24.4	3.4	14.4	32.2



Repl treatment means: Tenderness

	Trucking treatments				
	T12	T24	T12 T12	T36	Sign
Replicate 1	47	48	48	51	
Replicate 2	64	55	59	59	
Replicate 3	55	44	55	57	
Replicate 4	51	50	44	44	
Average	54	49	52	53	NS



Rep/ treatment means: Juiciness

	Trucking treatments					
	T12	T24	T12 T12	T36	Sign	
Replicate 1	56	53	57	57		
Replicate 2	64	59	64	62		
Replicate 3	61	53	59	63		
Replicate 4	51	50	45	47		
Average	58	54	56	57	NS	



Rep/ treatment means: Flavour

	Trucking treatments				
	T12	T24	T12 T12	T36	Sign
Replicate 1	52	50	53	53	
Replicate 2	61	58	60	59	
Replicate 3	56	50	54	59	
Replicate 4	53	54	48	49	
Average	56	53	54	55	NS



Rep/ treatment means: Overall

	Trucking treatments				
	T12	T24	T12 T12	T36	Sign
Replicate 1	50	50	53	52	
Replicate 2	63	57	60	59	
Replicate 3	56	48	54	60	
Replicate 4	52	53	48	48	
Average	55	53	53	55	NS



Rep/ treatment means: MQ4

	Trucking treatments				
	T12	T24	T12 T12	T36	Sign
Replicate 1	50	52	49	53	
Replicate 2	62	56	60	59	
Replicate 3	56	48	54	59	
Replicate 4	52	52	47	47	
Average	55	51	53	54	NS



Rep/ treatment means: Peak force

Trucking treatments				
T12	T24		T36	Sign
		112		
5.9	5.7	5.5	5.0	
4.9	5.9	5.5	5.5	
4.8	4.3	4.4	4.3	
4.0	4.1	4.1	4.5	
5.0	5 4	4 9	4 9	NS
	T12 5.9 4.9 4.8	T12 T24 5.9 5.7 4.9 5.9 4.8 4.3 4.0 4.1	T12 T24 T12 T12 T12 5.9 5.7 5.5 4.9 5.9 5.5 4.8 4.3 4.4 4.0 4.1 4.1	T12 T24 T12 T36 5.9 5.7 5.5 5.0 4.9 5.9 5.5 5.5 4.8 4.3 4.4 4.3 4.0 4.1 4.1 4.5



Rep/ treatment means: Cook loss %

	Trucking treatments				
	T12	T24	T12 T12	T36	Sign
Replicate 1	22.6	22.0	22.0	21.4	
Replicate 2	27.0	27.1	27.1	27.6	
Replicate 3	25.3	26.4	25.7	26.2	
Replicate 4	22.1	22.1	22.2	21.0	
Average	24.4	24.5	24.3	24.2	NS



Treatment effects: Meat quality

		Trucking treatments				
		T12	T24	T12	T36	Sign
				T12		
Tender	a)	54	49	52	53	NS
	b)	53	51	50	54	NS
MQ4	a)	55	51	53	54	NS
	b)	54	53	52	56	NS
LDPF	a)	4.9	5.3	4.9	4.9	NS
	b)	4.9	5.2	4.9	4.9	NS



_____×

Questions?

 Telephone Mic & Speakers Dial: 1 800 990 166 Access Code: 288-349-760 Audio PIN: 101 If you're already on the call, press #101# now. Questions [Enter a question for staff] Webinar Now Webinar ID: 248-976-062

GoToWebinar

File View Help

- Audio

Type your questions here anytime

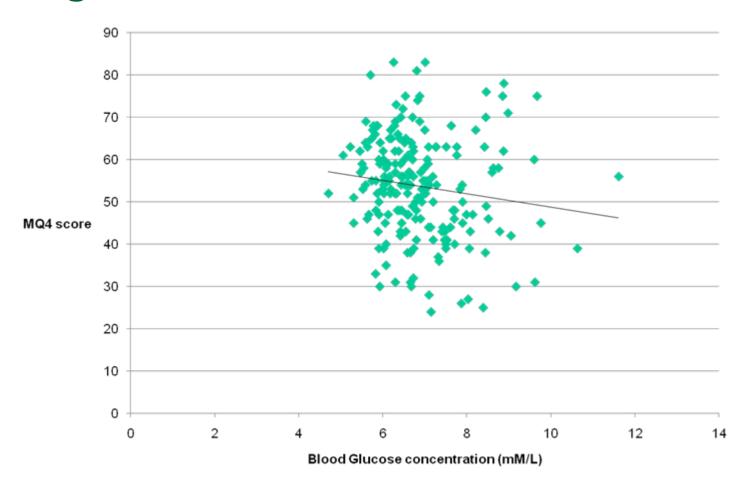


Can glucose predict palatability?

	MQ4			
a) Full data	MSA	MSA	MSA	MSA
(n=343)		+gluc		+gluc
R^2	13.7	16.6	14.5	17.7
b) Reduced	MSA	MSA	MSA	MSA
Data (n=208)		+gluc		+gluc
R^2	24.3	25.8	26.3	27.7

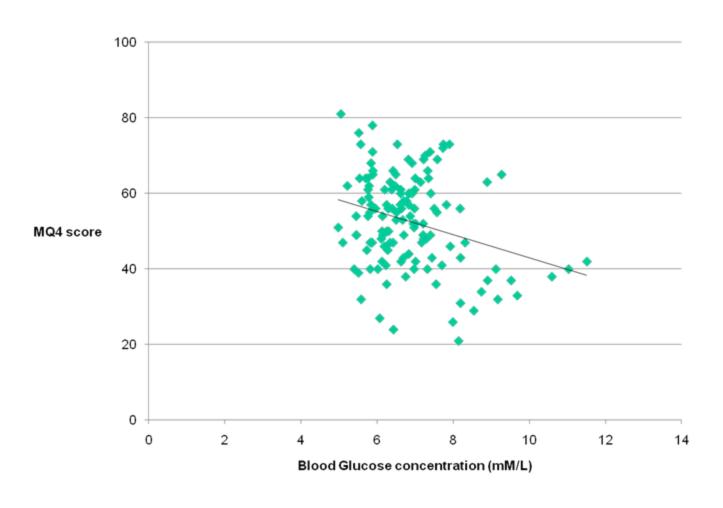


Can glucose be used as a threshold in MSA graded carcasses?





Can glucose be used as a threshold in carcasses which failed MSA?



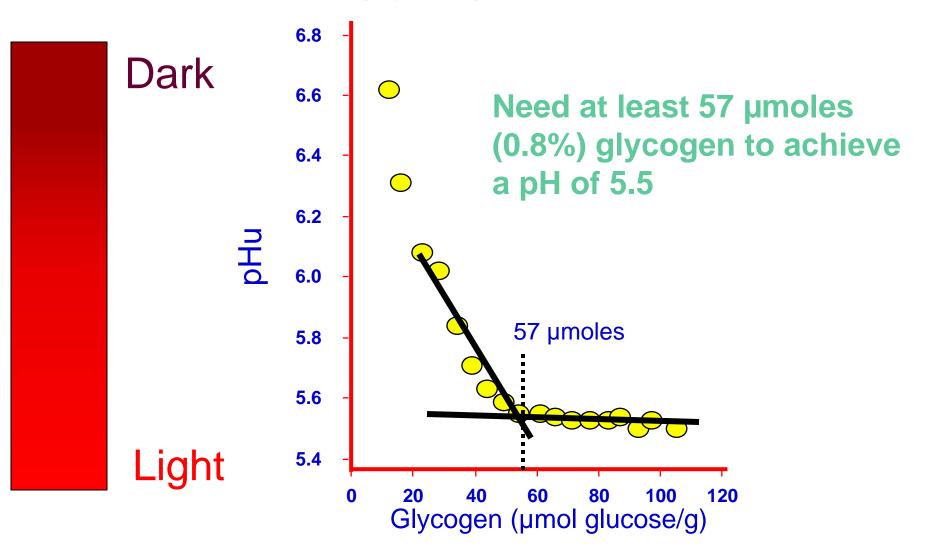


Bottom line

- 1. Transport distance and time to 36 hrs had no impact
- 2. 12 hrs rest break of no benefit
- Major differences in compliance driven by events preloading
- 4. Management prior to trucking critical



Muscle glycogen vs meat pH





Cautions

- 1. The weather was ideal
- 2. Highly skilled drivers
- 3. Results scientifically consistent but at odds with industry belief regarding rest breaks

Should we re-validate through commercial pathways?



Pathways recommendation

- 1. That MSA property to slaughter requirements be provisionally amended to allow up to 48 hours from property to slaughter with up to 36 hours transport within this period.
- 2. That the arrangements be reviewed after evaluation of results of subsequent research.



Further issues

- 1. Management pre loading
- 2. Rest breaks? Post arrival?
- 3. Stationary trailer/ shipping/ rail?

Reliable stress indicators at the abattoir?



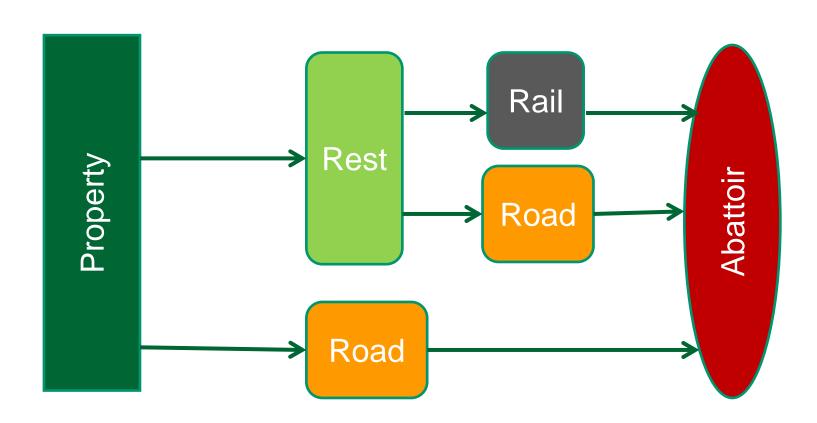
Potential new grading inputs?

- 1. Blood parameters glucose most promising
- 2. Urine not valid to date
- 3. Body temperature
- 4. Retinal scan

Success would emphasise the result rather than the cause(s)



Potential new work road, rail and rest





Our sincere thanks to:

- The four participating properties
- Frasers Transport
- JBS Dinmore



Further information

- MSA information: www.mla.com.au/msa
- Final report: www.mla.com.au/Research-anddevelopment/Final-report-details?projectid=15391
- Rod Polkinghorne
 - email: rod.polkinghorne@gmail.com
 - mobile: 0410 300 905



_____×

Questions?

 Telephone Mic & Speakers Dial: 1 800 990 166 Access Code: 288-349-760 Audio PIN: 101 If you're already on the call, press #101# now. Questions [Enter a question for staff] Webinar Now Webinar ID: 248-976-062

GoToWebinar

File View Help

- Audio

Type your questions here anytime