Granite plains and rises with mixed grassy woodlands



Landform

Gently undulating plains to undulating rises.

Large areas occur in the south-east of the region around Ballandean, Eukey and Stanthorpe. Some patches occur south-west of Graymare.

Woody vegetation

New England blackbutt, tumbledown gum, Caley's ironbark, Youman's stringybark, broad-leaved stringybark, blue gum.

Expected pasture composition

* Denotes non-native "Expected Pasture Composition" species

Preferred

Pitted bluegrass, wallaby grass, silky browntop, paspalum*, weeping grass.

Intermediate

Barbwire grass, plume grass, forest hedgehog grass.

Non-preferred

 $\label{thm:continuous} \mbox{Wiregrasses, weeping lovegrass, blady grass.}$

Awnless barnyard grass*, summer grass.

Annuals Legumes

Cluster clover*, glycine.

Common forbs

Fringe rushes. Non-preferred species include bracken fern.

Suitable sown pastures

Digit grass, Brunswick grass, tall fescue, annual ryegrass.

White clover, sub clover, serradella (on deeper sands).

Introduced weeds

Blackberry, African lovegrass, cosmos weed, whiskey grass.

Soil

Deep, bleached dark grey to yellowish brown sandy clay loam texture-contrast soil (kurosols, sodosols).

Description

Surface: Hard-setting; **Surface texture**: bleached, sandy clay loam to loamy sand; **Subsoil texture**: coarse sandy light clay to sandy clay loam.



Water availability

Fertility

Very low to low, PAWC 36-58 mm, depending on surface soil depth (30-60 cm).

Low to medium; medium organic C and P, low N, high K and Zn.

Salinity

High below 50 cm.

Sodicity

Sodic to strongly sodic subsoils.

pΗ

Surface neutral to slightly acid, strongly acid at depths.

Long-term carrying capacity information (A condition)

Based on fully watered area for 1AE = 450 kg animal consuming 8kg DM/day				
Median annual rainfall 624 – 748 mm				
Pasture type	Median tree cover	Median annual pasture growth	Safe annual utilisation pasture growth	LTCC
	(TBA m²/ha) (FPC %)	(DM kg/ha)	(%)	(ha/AE)
Native species	0 TBA/FPC	2770 - 2770	20%	5.3 – 5.3
	14 TBA 35 FPC	720 - 1490	20%	10 – 20

Enterprise

Breeding and fattening.

Land use and management recommendations

- Suitable for grazing on native and sown pastures.
- Suitable for horticulture on lower slopes.
- Minimal ground disturbance as dispersive soils erode easily.
- Manage grazing pressure to maximise ground cover and minimise soil loss.
- Spelling of pastures to maintain cover, vigour and limit undesirable species.
- Use conservation cropping measures, implementing runoff control measures on slopes >1%, and rotate between pasture (3-6 years) and fodder cropping (up to 3 years).

Land use limitations

- Hard-setting surfaces.
- Low fertility and very low to low water holding capacity.
- Poorly structured and drained subsoils that may cause waterlogging (particularly in winter).
- Rocky outcrops restrict cultivation opportunities.

Conservation features and related management

- Habitat for a number of rare and threatened plant species including patchily distributed Eucalyptus interstans; the uncommon Baker's and green mallees in the Inglewood-Warwick area; species at the northern limit of their geographical range (E. magnificata, Pterostylis woollsii, Grevillea scortechinii, Persoonia daphnoides); species with very limited distributions (Macrozamia viridis) and the only known Queensland population of Grevillea juniperina.
- Extensively cleared or thinned for pasture, agriculture and horticulture, particularly on the lower slopes with deeper soils, with remaining areas subject to dieback and invasion by blackberry.
- Remaining areas of this land type should be retained to establish connection with other areas of remnant vegetation and provide wildlife corridors.

Regional Ecosystems

11.9.9, 11.9.9a, 13.12.3, 13.12.5, 13.12.8, 13.12.9

Land Resource Areas: Land types; Soil associations Land type (Maher 1996) 9 Undulating granite plains, 10 Granite rises - texture contrast soils.



BR07 Granite plains and rises with mixed grassy woodlands



Area of land type in region: 2%

Median rainfall (region): 469 – 748 mm Average rainfall (region): 516 – 758 mm

Area of land type with FPC: 60%

Median FPC: 33% Median TBA: 14 m2/ha

