## Frontage / alluvial country



General description	Occasionally flooded alluvial plains, often with braided channels. Generally open woodland / shrublands of various woodland communities associated with open tussock grasslands and ephemeral forblands.				
	Alluvial country covers about 14.6% of the Channel Country.				
Landform	Alluvial plains.				
Woody vegetation	Coolibah, river red gum, mulga, gidgee, western bloodwood, yapunyah, Georgina gidgee, belalie, gooramurra, mineritchie, lignum, cassia.				
Expected pasture composition	* Denotes non-native "Expected Pasture Composition" species.				
Preferred	Mitchell grass (barley, bull, occasionally curly and hoop), curly bluegrass, Queensland bluegrass, kangaroo grass, Queensland bluebush; increasing areas of buffel grass*.				
Intermediate	Rat's tail couch, katoora, lovegrasses, silky browntop, golden beard grass, five-minute grass.				
Non-preferred	Feathertop wiregrass.				
Annual grasses	Downs couch, Flinders grass, button grass, comb windmill grass, delicate lovegrass, pepper grass. Kerosene grass (non-preferred).				
Common forbs	Copperburrs, gidgee burrs, joyweed, bogan flea, daisy burrs, pop saltbush, annual saltbush.				
Suitable sown pasture	Not suitable for sown pastures.				
Introduced weeds	Noogoora burr, parkinsonia, Athel pine.				
Soil	Generally clays – very deep red, brown and grey, some red earths and loamy or sandy surfaced texture contrast soils, some yellow sands in associated with sand dunes. Occasionally gilgaied and most are subject to seasonal scalding. Gypsum may be present at depth.				
Description	<b>Surface</b> : Crusted to weakly self mulching, <b>Surface texture</b> : medium to heavy clays with some sandy or silty clays, <b>Subsoil texture</b> : medium to heavy clays with some sandy or silty clays.				
Features	Some occurrence of scalding. Gravel though profile with gypsum occurring at depth in some areas.				



Water availability	Moderate to good.
Rooting depth	Can be in excess of 1 m if not limited by sodicity.
Infiltration	High initially on a dry soil profile, slowing to moderate levels after 35 mm of rain as surface seals and to low levels after 50 mm of rain. Estimates based on low to moderate intensity storm rain.
Fertility	Moderate.
Salinity	Very low to low at the surface increasing to very high at depth.
Sodicity	Sodic to strongly sodic at depth.
рН	Slightly acid to very strongly alkaline.
Utilisation	Based on fully watered area for 1AE = 450 kg animal consuming 8kg DM/day

based on fully watered area for TAE = 450 kg animal consuming okg Div/day								
Median annual rainfall 151 – 390 mm								
Pasture type	Median tree cover	Median annual pasture growth	Safe annual utilisation pasture growth	LTCC				
	(TBA m²/ha) (FPC %)	(DM kg/ha)	(%)	(ha/AE)				
Native species	0 TBA/FPC	200 - 2500	18%	6 - 81				
	3 TBA 8 FPC	50 - 2050	18%	8 – 325				

Strategic burning to manage gidgee thickening with late dry season hot fires.

Some clay pan areas can be returned to deep cracking clays using shallow

Minor stream bank erosion leading to sedimentation of permanent waterholes.

Provides seasonal habitat and drought refuge for a wide range of wetland birds.

Provides habitat for rare and threatened species such as grey grass wren and

## **Enterprise**

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Land use and management recommendations

Land use limitations

Conservation features and related

## management

Potential impacts on riparian areas from total grazing pressure. • In some areas 10-15% of gidgee trees stand dead.

- In some areas 30–50% of tall shrubs stand dead. •
- Exotic weed species in some areas.

Scalding occurs in some areas.

Breeding, backgrounding and finishing.

pondage systems.

freckled duck.

Suitable for grazing of native pastures.

Maximise ground cover to reduce soil erosion.

Provides shade and useful top-feed.

- Springs are within Great Artesian Basin discharge areas. Impacted by artificial • extraction, excavation, pig diggings and stock trampling. Habitat for feral pigs and cats.
- Rills on tracks and fence lines may restrict floodwater reaching floodplain extremities.

Regional **Ecosystems** 

5.3.10, 5.3.2, 5.3.20a-c, 5.3.21a-b, 5.3.22a-b, 5.3.4, 5.3.5, 5.3.6, 5.3.6x1, 5.3.9, 5.3.9x1, 5.7.13, 6.3.2a, 6.3.3a.

WARLUS Part	I	Ш	Ш	IV	V	VI
Land systems	A1, A2, A3, A4, A5, A6, W1, W2, W3, W4, W5, W6, W7	A1, A2, A3, A4, A5, A6, W1, W2, W3, W4, W5, W6, W7				A1, A2, W1, W2



## CC04 Frontage / alluvial country



Area of land type in region: 9% Median rainfall (region): 151 – 390 mm Average rainfall (region): 187 – 429 mm Area of land type with FPC: 26% Median FPC: 8% Median TBA: 3 m2/ha

