## Open downs

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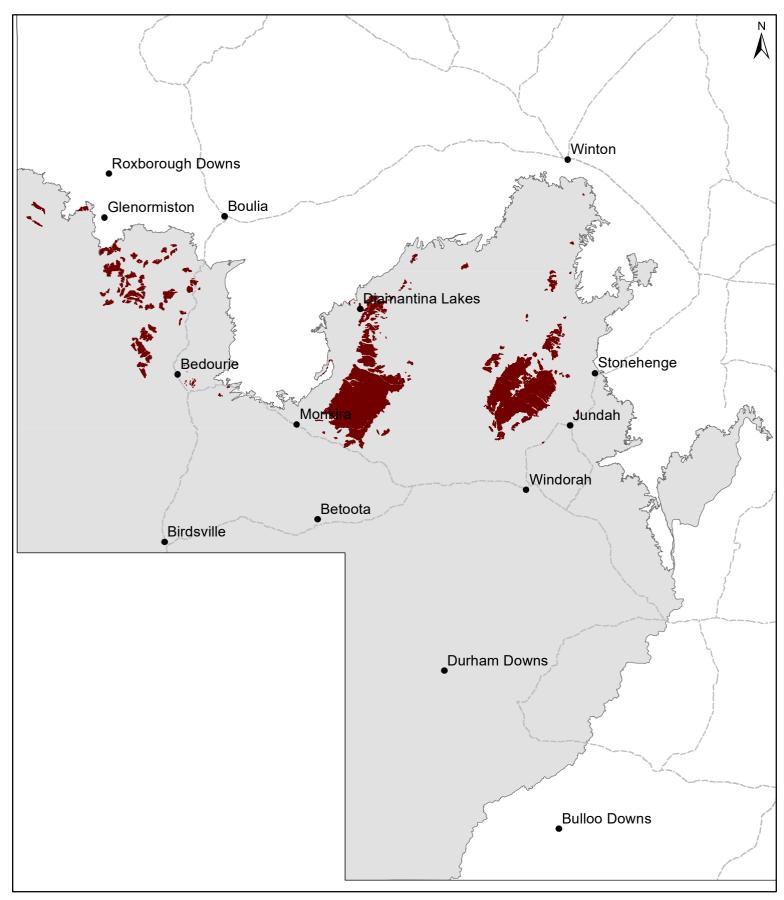
General description	Flat to gently undulating plains of Mitchell grass and open tussock grassland and saltbush herbfields.				
Landform	Flat to gently undulating plains.				
Woody vegetation	Mimosa bush, beefwood, whitewood, vine tree, western bloodwood, desert gum, boonaree, bauhinia.				
Expected pasture composition	* Denotes non-native "Expected Pasture Composition" species.				
Preferred	Barley, curly and hoop Mitchell grasses, Queensland bluegrass.				
Intermediate	Lovegrasses, silky browntop, stargrass, katoora, bottlewasher grasses.				
Non-preferred	Feathertop wiregrass.				
Annual grasses	Button grass, Flinders grass, pepper grass, downs couch, comb windmill grass, delicate lovegrass.				
Common forbs	Bladder saltbush, grey rattlepod, annual verbine, paper rose, copperburrs, gidgee burrs, bogan flea, sida.				
Suitable sown pasture	Not suitable for sown pastures.				
Introduced weeds	None				
Soil	Moderately deep red, brown and grey deeply cracking clays with self-mulching surfaces, and some deep desert loams. Often gilgaied, and may have scattered stone pavements.				
Description	<i>Surface</i> : Self-mulching with some crusting; <i>Surface texture</i> : heavy clay; <i>Subsoil texture</i> : heavy clay.				
Features	Cretaceous deposits and mantled pediments with some deeply weathered rock. Some surface stone that may be varnished.				



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Water availability	Moderate						
Rooting depth	Deep but limited by salinity and sodicity.						
Infiltration	High initially on a dry soil profile, slowing to moderate levels after 50 mm of rain as cracks close and to low levels after 75 mm of rain. Increasing run-off following 75 mm of rain. Estimates based on low to moderate intensity storm rain.						
Fertility	Moderate						
Salinity	Very low to low at the surface increasing to very high at depth.						
Sodicity	Sodic at depth.						
рН	Moderately to very strongly alkaline with soft lime present and gypsum at depth.						
Long-term carrying capacity information (A condition)	Based on fully watered area for 1AE = 450 kg animal consuming 8kg DM/day						
	Median annual rainfall 186 – 335 mm						
	Pasture type	Median tree cover	Median annual pasture growth	Safe annual utilisation pasture growth	LTCC		
		(TBA m²/ha) (FPC %)	(DM kg/ha)	(%)	(ha/AE)		
	Native species	0 TBA/FPC	230 - 1770	20%	8 - 64		
		3 TBA 8 FPC	90 - 930	20%	16 – 162		
Enterprise Land use and management recommendations	<ul> <li>Breeding and seasonal backgrounding.</li> <li>Suitable for grazing of native pastures.</li> <li>Rotational wet season spelling to maintain perennial pasture composition.</li> <li>Maintain adequate ground cover to minimise soil erosion.</li> </ul>						
Land use limitations	<ul> <li>Best pasture growth from gilgais and depressions.</li> <li>Susceptible to erosion along stockpads, fencelines, roads and near water points.</li> </ul>						
Conservation features and related management	No listed issues.						
Regional Ecosystems	5.9.3a-b.						
WARLUS Part	I	II	III	IV	V VI		
Land systems	F4 F	F1, F2, F3, F4, F5, F6, F7, F8			F1, F2, F3, F4		



## CC08 Open downs



Area of land type in region: 3% Median rainfall (region): 151 – 390 mm Average rainfall (region): 187 – 429 mm Area of land type with FPC: 1% Median FPC: 8% Median TBA: 3 m2/ha

