Coastal country



Landform

Grassland on low plains adjacent to marine plains.

Woody vegetation

Predominantly paperbark understorey with coolibah, large leaf cabbage gum, broadleaved carbeen, figs, beefwood, guttapercha and palms.

Expected pasture composition

* Denotes non-native "Expected Pasture Composition" species.

Preferred

Golden beard grass, silky browntop, wanderrie grasses, northern rice grass, Australian wild rice, Queensland bluegrass.

Intermediate

Cane grass, beetle grass, panic grasses, marine couch, spinymud grass.

Non-preferred

vviregrasses

Annual grasses

Fire grass, native couch, Australian dropseed, Flinders grass, hare's foot grass.

Common forbs

Potato/tomato bushes, beach bean, marsh wort.

Suitable sown pastures

Not suitable for sown pastures.

Introduced weeds

Rubber vine, parkinsonia, prickly acacia, para grass, grader grass and mesquite.

Soil

Shallow, impervious, highly erosive in the subsoil. Redearths, slightly deeper with a range from sandy loams to light clays.

Description

Surface: Sandy, fine sandy or silty clay loams or clays, light to grey to greyish brown in the upper portion; **Surface texture:** sandy loam to clay; **Subsoil texture:** bleached below; with a sub-soil texture that is a massive structure with hard consistence some presence of carbonate nodules and/or gypsum at shallow depths.



Features

Surface horizons can be sandy with clay underneath. Often pasture growth is limited to the sandy horizon.

Water availability

Low to moderate.

Rooting depth

Shallow to moderate.

Infiltration

Moderate initially slowing after 20 mm, significant run off expected after 35 mm. Estimates based on low to moderate intensity storm rain. Good soaking rain required to wet the soil profile.

Areas of hard setting soils will have extremely limited infiltration rates. Estimates based on low to moderate intensity storm rain. Good soaking rain or flooding required to wet the soil profile.

Fertility

Low to moderate.

Salinity

Moderate to high.

Sodicity

pН

Neutral to acid at the surface, varying from strongly alkaline to strongly acidic in the subsoil.

Long-term carrying capacity information (A condition)

Based on fully watered area for 1AE = 450 kg animal consuming 8kg DM/day				
Median annual rainfall 761 – 831 mm				
Pasture type	Median tree cover	Median annual pasture growth	Safe annual utilisation pasture growth	LTCC
	(TBA m²/ha) (FPC %)	(DM kg/ha)	(%)	(ha/AE)
Native species	0 TBA/FPC	1370 - 2040	15%	10 - 14
	6 TBA 15 FPC	640 - 990	15%	20 – 31

Enterprise

Breeding.

Land use and management recommendations

- Use fire judiciously as a management tool to control timber thickening.
- Maintenance of ground cover to minimise shrub invasion and erosion.

Land use limitations

- Hard panning at shallow to moderate depths occurs in some areas.
- · Pasture growth is often limited by salts.
- Production may be limited by weedy growth of gutta-percha.

Conservation features and related management

- Seasonal wetland.
- Important feeding sites for birds.

Regional Ecosystems

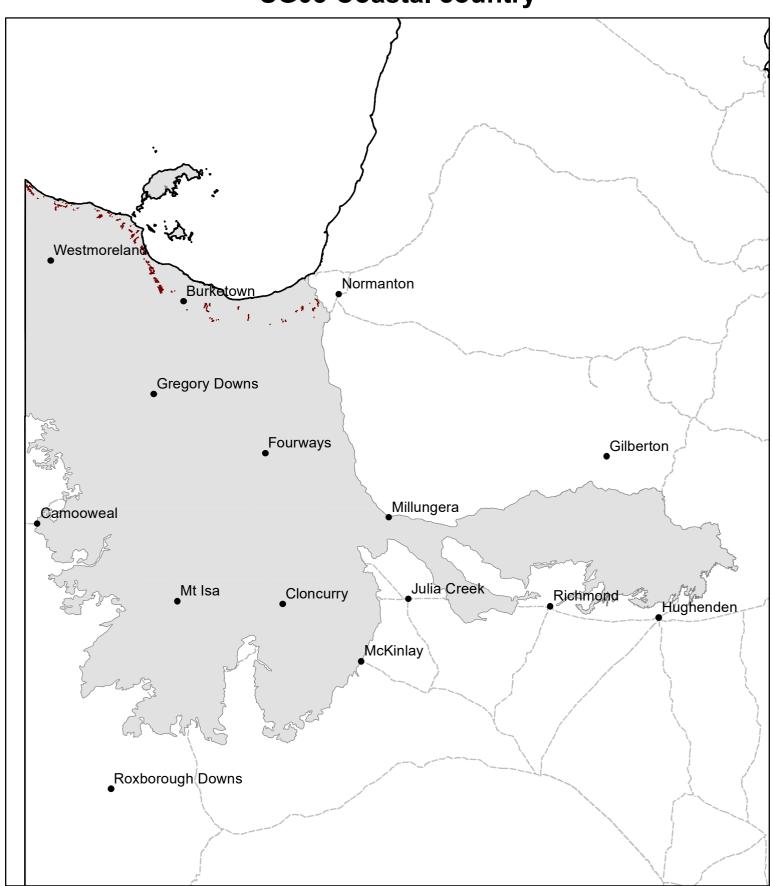
1.3.5, 1.3.6a-c, 1.3.6e, 1.3.7a-b, 1.3.7f-g, 1.3.9a-b, 2.3.14, 2.3.17d, 2.3.20a, 2.3.20c, 2.3.21b-c, 2.3.59a-b, 2.3.65.

Land Systems

Carpentaria (58) (Perry 1964).



SG03 Coastal country



Area of land type in region: 0.1% Median rainfall (region): 233 – 831 mm Average rainfall (region): 271 – 952 mm Area of land type with FPC: 46%

Median FPC: 15%

Median TBA: 6 m2/ha

